INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION INTERNAL CONTROLS AND COMPLIANCE

JUNE 30, 2019



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Officials

Name	<u>Title</u>	Term Expires
	Board of Education	
Joyce E. Coil	President	2019
Jeff Hassman	Vice President	2019
Susie Hines Jenny Leeper Eric Giddens - resigned April, 2019 Susan Lantz - appointed April, 2019 until election Allan Heisterkamp - elected July, 2019 Jeff Orvis Sasha Wohlpart	Board Member Board Member Board Member Board Member Board Member Board Member Board Member	2019 2019 2021 2021 2021 2021 2021
	School Officials	
Dr. Andrew Pattee	Superintendent	Indefinite
Doug Nefzger - retired December, 2018 Denelle Gonnerman - approved January, 2019	District Secretary District Secretary	Indefinite Indefinite
Dan Lynch	District Treasurer	2019
John C. Larsen	Attorney	Indefinite





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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Education of the Cedar Falls Community School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cedar Falls Community School District, Cedar Falls, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. This includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

The financial statements of the Cedar Falls Community Schools Foundation have not been audited, and we were not engaged to audit the Foundation financial statements as part of our audit of the Cedar Falls Community School District's basic financial statements. The Foundation's financial statements are included in the District's financial statements as a discretely presented component unit. Because we were not engaged to audit the Foundation's financial statements and because we did not apply any auditing procedures to the Foundation's financial statements, we do not express an opinion on the discretely presented component unit.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cedar Falls Community School District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, its cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions and the Schedule of Changes to District's Total OPEB Liability, Related Ratios and Notes on pages 5 through 16 and 49 through 56 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Cedar Falls Community School District's basic financial statements. We previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the third paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the nine years ended June 30, 2018 (which are not presented herein) and expressed unmodified opinions on those financial statements.

The supplementary information included on pages 57 - 66, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards required by Title 2, U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2019 on our consideration of Cedar Falls Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance with the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Cedar Falls Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Carney, alexander, Marold & Co., L.L.P.

Waterloo, Iowa December 12, 2019

CEDAR FALLS COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CEDAR FALLS, IOWA

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019

This section of the Cedar Falls Community School District's annual financial report presents the District's management discussion and analysis of the District's financial activities during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.

The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Cedar Falls Community School District's financial performance as a whole with comparisons to the previous fiscal year activities. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the 2019 fiscal year include the following:

- In total, net position increased by \$3,990,939 or 7.52% from fiscal 2018. Governmental activities net position increased \$4,040,289 or 7.68% from fiscal year 2018, increases in property tax receipts and fund transfers accounted for the increase. Net position in business-type activity, which represents the Districts food service and student coffee shop operations, decreased \$49,350 or 9.27% from fiscal year 2018. A decrease in operational revenue in the nutrition fund accounted for the change.
- General Fund revenues (which include the Instructional Support fund) accounted for \$59,017,327 in revenue or 80.79% of all revenues. General Fund expenses, which include the Instructional Support fund, accounted for \$60,034,903 in expenditures or 71.76% of all expenses.

This report also reflects improved accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 and Statement No. 75.

GASB Statement No. 68 addresses accounting and financial reporting for pensions that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers through pension plans that are administered through trusts that have the following characteristics:

- Contributions from employers and non-employer contributing entities to the pension plan and earnings on those contributions are irrevocable.
- Pension plan assets are dedicated to providing pensions to plan members in accordance with the benefit terms.
- Pension plan assets are legally protected from the creditors of employers, non-employer
 contributing entities, and the pension plan administrator. If the plan is a defined benefit
 pension plan, plan assets also are legally protected from creditors of the plan members.

As required by Iowa law, the District participates in the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS).

GASB Statement No. 75 establishes improved accounting and financial reporting requirements for state and local governments which provide their employees with "Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)." The objective Statement No. 75 is to improve the usefulness of financial information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). Statement No. 75 replaces Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plan.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Cedar Falls Community School District as a financial whole, or as an entire operating entity.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provides information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a long-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements report individual parts of District operations in more detail than District wide statements. For governmental funds these statements tell how educational and operational services were funded in the short term as well as what remains for future funding. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in a single column.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

While this report includes all the funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the report strives to show how the District performed financially during the 2019 fiscal year. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting system used by most private sector companies. These bases of accounting take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash was received or paid.

These statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. Reporting changes in net position is important because it identifies whether the financial picture of the District has improved or diminished for the District as whole. The cause of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include District property tax assessed valuation, facility needs, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the statement of net position and statement of activities, the District is divided into three distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities - Most of the District's programs and services are reported here, including instruction, co-curricular activities, support services (health services, guidance, media, and administration), custodial, building operations and maintenance, and pupil transportation.

Business-Type Activity – This service is provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all of the expenses for good or services provided. These types of

activities are also known as Enterprise funds. The Nutrition and High School Student Coffee Shop funds are reported as a business activity.

Fiduciary/Trust Activity – The District is the trustee or fiduciary for assets that belong to others. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets in these funds are used for their intended purpose. These assets are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance it operations. The River Hills School consortium, private purpose trust and agency funds are reported here.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major fund(s). The District uses different funds in accordance with the Uniform Financial Accounting for Iowa LEA's, as required by the Iowa Department of Education, to record its financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major funds for 2019 are:

- Governmental Funds
 - o General Fund
 - o Debt Service Fund
 - Capital Project Funds
 - Capital Projects (GO Bond) Fund
 - Statewide Sales & Service Tax Fund
 - Physical Plant & Equipment Levy
- Enterprise Fund
 - Nutrition Fund

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's transactions are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how monies flow into and out of these funds and the balances left at fiscal year end for spending in the future. These funds are reported using modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The differences between governmental activities reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities are reconciled in the financial statements.

Enterprise Fund

The enterprise fund uses the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements are essentially the same.

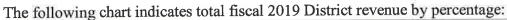
District Net Position as a Whole

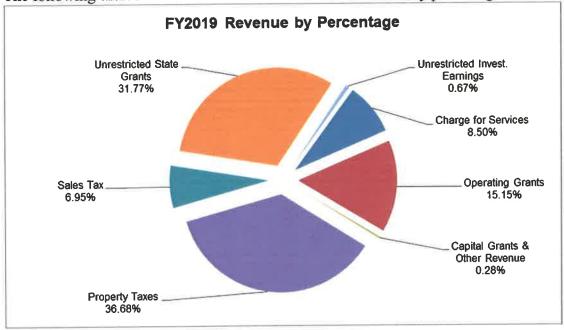
The following is a summary of the District's net position as a whole. The Cedar Falls Community School District's total net position increased from the fiscal 2018 total of \$53,095,490 to a total of \$57,086,429 in fiscal 2019 or a 7.52% increase from the previous fiscal year.

	-		C	one	lensed Stat	tement of N	let P	osition		
	-	Govern	nental		Busines	s-type				
		Activities			Activi	ities		Tot	Percent	
	_	2018	2019		2018	2019		2018	2019	Change
Current & Other Assets	\$	64,368,020	53,612,215	\$	963.184	941,399	\$	65,331,204	54,553,614	-16.50%
Capital Assets	Ψ	99,849,369	112,115,529	·	119,464	117,933		99,968,833	112,233,462	12.27%
Total Assets	_	164,217,389	165,727,744		1,082,648	1,059,332		165,300,037	166,787,076	0.90%
Deferred Outflow's of Resources										
Pension/OPEB Related Def Outflow		10,483,087	9,810,943		213,941	199,682		10,697,028	10,010,625	-6.42%
Long-term Obligations:										
Due Within One Year		3,898,749	3,696,323		8	-		3,898,749	3,696,323	-5.19%
Due After One Year		80,168,251	76,642,964		642,459	636,181		80,810,710	77,279,145	-4.37%
Other Liabilities		9,647,493	7,946,545		109,894	108,365		9,757,387	8,054,910	-17.45%
Total Liabilities	_	93,714,493	88,285,832		752,353	744,546		94,466,846	89,030,378	-5.75%
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue		27,673,715	29,087,947			±₹?		27,673,715	29,087,947	5.11%
Pension Related Deferred Inflow		601,557	1,561,088		12,277	31,859		613,834	1,592,947	159.51%
Advanced Refunding Deferred Inflov	N	147,180	16			-5%		147,180	0	-100.00%
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3 =	28,422,452	30,649,035		12,277	31,859		28,434,729	30,680,894	7.90%
Net Assets										
Invested in Capital Assets -										
Net of Related Debt		49,764,934	65,727,769		119,464	117,933		49,884,398	65,845,702	32.00%
Restricted		6,106,728	5,934,260		9	(9)		6,106,728	5,934,260	-2.82%
Unrestricted	=	-3,308,131	-15,058,209		412,495	364,676		-2,895,636	-14,693,533	-407.44%
Total Net Assets	\$	52,563,531	56,603,820	\$	531,959	482,609	\$	53,095,490	57,086,429	7.52%

The following analysis identifies the change in net position for the year ending June 30, 2019:

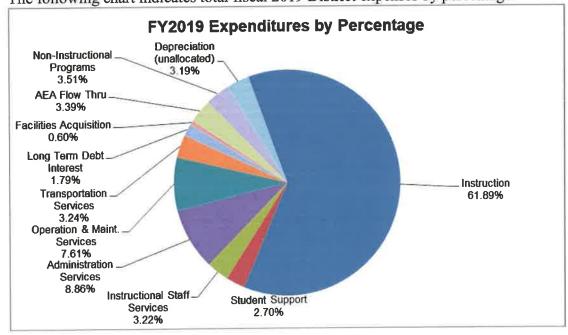
	*				Chan	ge in Net F	Posi	tion		
	-	Govern	mental		Busines	s-type				
		Activ	ities		Activitles			To	Percent	
		2018	2019	2018		2019		2018	2019	Change
Revenue	-									
Program Revenue										
Charge for Services	\$	4,671,623	4,941,769	\$	1,539,492	1,490,162	\$	6,211,115	6,431,931	3.56%
Operating Grants		10,551,808	10,481,177		916,449	980,244		11,468,257	11,461,421	-0.06%
Capital Grants		103,406	95,002					103,406	95,002	-8.13%
General Revenue										
Property Taxes		27,474,490	27,746,837					27,474,490	27,746,837	0.99%
Sales and Income Tax		4,791,570	5,259,465		2			4,791,570	5,259,465	9.76%
Unrestricted State Grants		23,932,406	24,035,959		==			23,932,406	24,035,959	0.43%
Unrestricted Invest. Earnings		513,695	492,417		8,331	17,495		522,026	509,912	-2.32%
Other Revenue		457,967	113,921		-	8.00		457,967	113,921	-75.12%
Transfers		42,264	18,979		(42,264)	(18,979)			2	0.00%
Total Revenue		72,539,229	73,185,526		2,422,008	2,468,922		74,961,237	75,654,448	0.92%
Program Expense		40 400 000	44,350,716		721	(54)		43,193,068	44,350,716	2.68%
Instruction		43,193,068			-	200		1,764,409	1,933,695	9.59%
Student Support		1,764,409	1,933,695		39.5	1051		1,948,261	2,304,079	18.26%
Instructional Staff Services		1,948,261	2,304,079		(2)				6,348,339	3.22%
Administration Services		6,150,457	6,348,339		-	(· ·		6,150,457		-0.93%
Operation & Maint. Services		5,507,439	5,456,386		193	(7)		5,507,439	5,456,386	
Transportation Services		2,086,584	2,324,690		120	(7)		2,086,584	2,324,690	11.41%
Long Term Debt Interest		1,346,894	1,284,357		•	12		1,346,894	1,284,357	-4.64%
Facilities Acquisition		2,603,634	432,579		540	395		2,603,634	432,579	-83.39%
AEA Flow Thru		2,407,144	2,426,393		5 4 0	(*)		2,407,144	2,426,393	0.80%
Non-Instructional Programs		*	8		2,381,136	2,518,272		2,381,136	2,518,272	5.76%
Depreciation (unallocated)	12	2,252,477	2,284,003		1.00	15		2,252,477	2,284,003	1.40%
Total Expenses	33	69,260,367	69,145,237		2,381,136	2,518,272		71,641,503	71,663,509	0.03%
Increase (Decrease) Net Position		3,278,862	4,040,289		40,872	(49,350)		3,319,734	3,990,939	20.22%
Net Position Beginning of Year		49,284,669	52,563,531		491,087	531,959		49,775,756	53,095,490	6.67%
Net Position End of Year	e.	52,563,531	56,603,820		531,959	482,609		53,095,490	57,086,429	7.52%
Net Position Did of Tear	Φ	02,000,001	00,000,020		001,000	102,000		-0,000,100	,	





Note: Due to rounding percentages may not total 100.00 %

The following chart indicates total fiscal 2019 District expenses by percentage:



Note: Due to rounding percentages may not total 100.00 %

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The Cedar Falls Community School District uses fund accounting on the modified accrual basis to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The District governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$16,690,019. This is a \$10,476,702 decrease from the 2018 fiscal year combined fund balances of \$27,166,721. Construction project payments for the new Bess Streeter Aldrich Elementary School as well as additions and remodeling to North Cedar and Orchard Hill Elementary Schools accounted for the majority of the decrease.

The District's General Fund (including the Instructional Support Fund) end of year fund balance decreased \$954,850 to \$4,315,185 from the 2018 fiscal year end balance of \$5,270,035. A large increase in student enrollment, coupled with a one-year delay in receiving funding for the increase accounts for the majority of the decrease.

Budgeting Highlights

The Cedar Falls Community School District Board of Education annually adopts a budget as required by Iowa law. Proper public notice and a required public hearing are held before final approval of the budget. The State of Iowa requires approval of the budget on or before April 15th of each year. The budget documents present functional disbursements by fund and the legal level of control is at the expense level by total Instruction, total Support Services, total Non-Instructional Programs, total Other Expenditures and Total Expenditures. The District amends the budget, as allowed by Iowa law, to reflect the additional revenues and expenditures that may occur during the school year. The District amended its budget for fiscal 2019 in instructional activities due to increasing student enrollment and the need to employ additional teaching staff. In addition, instructional activities, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenditures were also amended due to opening the Bess Streeter Aldrich Elementary School as well as additions and remodeling of North Cedar and Orchard Hill Elementary Schools. The following chart identifies the original and amended budget for fiscal 2019 as well as the actual revenue and expenditures for the year:

	-		Budgetary Co	om p	arison Sched	ule	
	•	Original	Final				
	_	Budget	Amended		Actual		Variance
Revenue							
Local Sources	\$	34,992,448	\$ 34,992,448	\$	34,840,723	\$	(151,725)
Intermediate Sources		¥."			Ħ		19/7
State Sources		37,637,905	37,637,905		37,822,855		184,950
Federal Sources		2,839,209	2,839,209		2,874,286		35,077
Total Budget Revenue	\$_	75,469,562	\$ 75,469,562	\$	75,537,864	\$	68,302
Expenditures							
Instruction	\$	44,433,887	\$ 45,104,706	\$	43,051,257	\$	2,053,449
Support Services		17,872,961	18,906,284		18,109,164		797,120
Non-Instructional		2,747,660	2,833,809		2,518,272		315,537
Other Expenditures		20,255,841	25,386,366		22,501,807		2,884,559
Total Budget Expenses	\$	85,310,349	\$ 92,231,165	\$	86,180,500	\$	6,050,665

Fund Balance vs. Unspent (Unused) Budget Authority

Unspent budget authority is a unique feature of the Iowa school foundation formula. Iowa public school districts are required to report fund balance and unused budget authority.

Simply stated, fund balance is the balance remaining assuming the District would cease operations at the end of the fiscal year. The following pages within the audit report will state fund balances for the various funds required to operate the District.

The Iowa public school funding formula is a pupil based formula. Each district receives an amount of funding (cash) and the authorization to spend it (authority). Another way to look at authority is to think of it as a credit card limit. Simply stated the budget authority is the number of student's times the formula amount per student. Unspent budget authority is the total authority (credit card limit) minus expenditures for the fiscal year. This "unspent budget authority" amount is carried forward and is included in the total authorized budget or spending authority for the next fiscal year.

Total authorized budget or spending authority is the legal limit an Iowa public school district can spend in a fiscal year. As stated above, this is not the same as cash or fund balance. The State of Iowa has established spending authority to enforce per pupil spending equity across the state. Unspent budget authority gained more importance in 2007 when the Iowa Legislature passed a law allowing the initiation of a Phase II review of public school districts that overspend their budget spending authority for two consecutive years. This review is both a financial viability review as well as a full academic review. At the completion of the review, the School Budget Review Committee (SBRC), through the State Board of Education, may order remedies up to and including dissolution of the school district.

Adequate unspent budget authority is critical in management of the District in the event of unforeseen increases or decreases in enrollment as well unanticipated mid-year across the board reductions in state foundation aid. With 80% to 85% of a public school districts expenses directly tied to labor contracts, it is very difficult to make mid-year corrections when state mandated across the board funding reductions are implemented.

The following chart shows the change in Unspent Budget Authority between fiscal years 2018 and 2019.

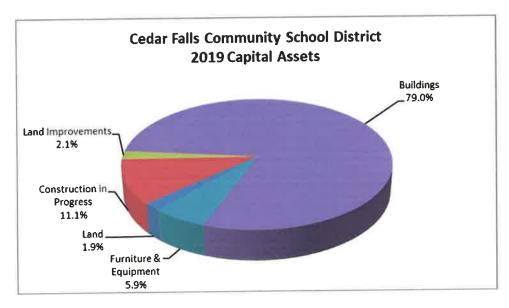
-	Unspent Budget Authority Compa					
	2018		2019		Change	
\$	48,616,642	\$	50,713,065	\$	2,096,423	
	476,476		468,152		(8,324)	
	2,660,565		2,809,889		149,324	
	5,942,894		5,847,731		(95,163)	
	8,533,648		7,695,672		(837,976)	
\$_	66,230,225	\$	67,534,509	\$	1,304,284	
\$_	58,534,553	\$	60,165,365	\$	1,630,812	
\$	7,695,672	\$	7,369,144	\$	(326,528)	
	\$_ \$_ \$_	2018 \$ 48,616,642 476,476 2,660,565 5,942,894 8,533,648 \$ 66,230,225 \$ 58,534,553	2018 \$ 48,616,642 \$ 476,476 2,660,565 5,942,894 8,533,648 \$ 66,230,225 \$ \$ 58,534,553 \$	2018 2019 \$ 48,616,642 \$ 50,713,065 476,476 468,152 2,660,565 2,809,889 5,942,894 5,847,731 8,533,648 7,695,672 \$ 66,230,225 \$ 67,534,509 \$ 58,534,553 \$ 60,165,365	2018 2019 \$ 48,616,642 \$ 50,713,065 \$ 468,152 \$ 2,660,565 \$ 2,809,889 \$ 5,942,894 \$ 5,847,731 \$ 8,533,648 \$ 7,695,672 \$ 66,230,225 \$ 67,534,509 \$ \$ 58,534,553 \$ 60,165,365 \$	

Capital Assets Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of the 2019 fiscal year, the District had invested \$112,115,529 (net of accumulated depreciation) in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, vehicles, technology, media/audio visual equipment, and classroom equipment. The District had depreciation expense of \$2,843,224 and total accumulated depreciation of \$42,258,971 as of June 30, 2019. The following chart shows the comparison in capital assets for 2018 and 2019.

	-			Ça	pital Asset	ts (net of d	epr	eciation)		
	•	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			То	Percent	
		2018	2019		2018	2019		2018	2019	Change
Land	\$	2.965.334	2.965,334	\$	12.	÷	\$	2,965,334	2,965,334	0.00%
Construction in Progress	•	26,021,807	17,135,098		52.5	₹.		26,021,807	17,135,098	-34.15%
Land Improvements		3,169,966	3,169,966		(4)			3,169,966	3,169,966	0.00%
Buildings		98,922,324	122,120,404		(e)	=		98,922,324	122,120,404	23.45%
Furniture & Equipment		7,910,693	8,326,001		809,531	775,630		8,720,224	9,101,631	4.37%
Total	\$	138,990,124	153,716,803	\$	809,531	775,630	\$	139,799,655	154,492,433	10.51%



More detailed information is available in the Notes to Financial Statements, item 4.

Debt Administration

As of June 30, 2019, total District outstanding long-term debt is \$80,975,468. Debt consists of \$30,412,540 in general obligation bonds, \$15,975,220 in revenue bonds, \$2,778,648 in compensated absences and OPEP liabilities and \$31,172,879 in long-term pension liabilities in governmental activities. Business type activities debt consisted of \$636,181 in long-term pension liabilities. The following shows the debt comparison between fiscal years 2018 and 2019.

2019.							
20121		Lo	ng-1	erm Debt Ob	oliga	tions	
	Balance					Balance	Due Within
	July 1, 2018	Additions		Reductions		June 30, 2019	One Year
Governmental Activities	-						
General Obligation Bonds							
Bonds Payable	30,955,000			1,335,000		29,620,000	1,400,000
Premium	839,160			46,620		792,540	 46,620
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 31,794,160	\$ *	\$	1,381,620	\$	30,412,540	\$ 1,446,620
Revenue Bonds							
Bonds Payable	17,955,000	œ		2,000,000		15,955,000	2,040,000
Premium	25,275	_==		5,055		20,220	5,055
Total Revenue Bonds	\$ 17,980,275	\$ •	\$	2,005,055	\$	15,975,220	\$ 2,045,055
Other Liabilities							
Note Payable	310,000			310,000		(=)	:●)
Compensated Absences	202,074	204,648		202,074		204,648	204,648
Net OPEB Liability	2,300,000	274,000		1.5		2,574,000	-
Net Pension Liability	31,480,491	2		307,612		31,172,879	
Total Other Liabilities	\$ 34,292,565	\$ 478,648	\$	819,686	\$	33,951,527	\$ 204,648
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 84,067,000	\$ 478,648	\$	4,206,361	\$	80,339,287	\$ 3,696,323
Business Type Activities							
Net Pension Liability	642,659	550		6,478		636,181) <u>=</u>
Total District Long-Term Debt	\$ 84,709,659	\$ 478,648	\$	4,212,839	\$	80,975,468	\$ 3,696,323

More detailed information can be found in the Notes to Financial Statements, item 5.

The District has pledged revenue bonds sold will maintain a coverage ratio of 1.20 or greater. The coverage ratio is determined by dividing total revenue per year by funds pledged for the same year. The chart below shows the historical and projected revenue bond debt coverage ratio.

School Infrastructure Sales, Service & Use Tax Debt Service										
	State wide Allocation	Statewide Enrollment	Avg. Dollars per Pupil	Cedar Falls Enrollment	Cedar Falis Funds Pledged	Debt Service Coverage Ratio				
FY2016	\$453,349,009	480,771.9	\$943	4,907.4	\$2,779,441	1.665				
FY2017	\$454,315,059	483,450.9	\$940	5,052.1	\$2,409,528	1.971				
FY2018	\$471,365,846	485,147.3	\$972	5,146.8	\$2,406,210	2.079				
FY2019 (est)	\$483,939,957	486,264.3	\$995	5,127.5	\$2,400,825	2.125				
FY2020 (est)	\$516,578,987	487,651.5	\$1,059	5,237.6	\$3,454,750	1.606				

Enrollment is determined on Oct.1st of the previous fiscal year. i.e. FY2019 enrollment is taken on Oct. 1, 2017. Total statewide allocation includes reconciliation payment. Final FY19 & 20 data was not available at time of publication.

Current Issues

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future.

- The Iowa Legislature established an increase in "supplemental state aid" (formally "allowable growth") of 2.06% (\$139) for the 2019/20 school year.
- Other 2019 legislative session actions that will directly impact Iowa public school districts include:
 - O Appropriated \$19.0 million in transportation aid and made this a permanent annual appropriation. Based on the level of funding providing, the two-step provision provides funding to the districts with the highest per pupil transportation costs. Cedar Falls does not qualify for additional funding.
 - O Increased state cost per pupil by \$5 to reduce the gap between the minimum and maximum regular program district cost per pupil (RPDC). The fiscal 2019 gap between minimum and maximum RPDC is now \$165.
 - Extended the Secure and Advanced Vision for Education (SAVE) law through calendar year 2050. SAVE allows school districts to borrow against statewide penny sales tax revenue to help fund school infrastructure projects. Under the extension all school districts are required to receive voter approval to utilize available dollars.
 - o Established new statewide requirements regarding lap and shoulder seat belts in new school bus purchases.
 - O Delayed all high school students in public and accredited non-public schools take a one-half unit course in personal finance literacy to the 2020-21 graduating class, instead of the 2018-19 graduating class.
 - o Revised concurrent enrollment weightings to provide additional weighting and allow schools to use concurrent enrollment to meet math and science needs.
- The October 1, 2019 certified student enrollment count, which is used to determine state foundation aid for the District for 2020/21 school year, increased by 133.8 students from the October 1, 2018 count. The number of open enrollment students from neighboring district's attending Cedar Falls Schools decreased 17.0 from 312.0 to 295.0. The number of open enrollment students attending neighboring school districts decreased 4.9 from 98.9 to 94.0. The 201.0 open enrollment student net gain provides approximately \$1.38 million in revenue for the District general operating fund.
- The District's 4-year-old (pre-school) program enrollment increased by 26 students to a total enrollment of 165. The State of Iowa provides funding for four-year-old students enrolled in the program at 50% of regular program cost per student, or \$3,440 per student for the 2019/20 school year.
- The demand for new homes within the District continues to be strong. New residential neighborhoods with over 500 lots are under development in the southern and western sections of Cedar Falls to include the newest addition West Fork Crossing. In addition, the River Place project continues to bring new residential and commercial property expansion to downtown Cedar Falls.

- Industrial and retail construction continues to grow in both the north and south industrial parks. Growth also continues in the Viking Road retail shopping district and the Pinnacle Prairie planned development.
- Revenue received from the State Secure an Advanced Vision for Education (SAVE) one-cent sales tax increased from \$4,791,570 in FY2018 to \$5,259,465 in FY2019. Revenue from the SAVE fund is determined by dividing the total amount of one cent sales tax dollars generated throughout Iowa by the total number of student enrolled in Iowa public schools. District is projected to receive \$5,270,944 in FY2020.
- The District opened the new Bess Streeter Aldrich Elementary in August, 2018. The 89,424 square foot school is located in the southwest portion of the District. 388 students were enrolled as of October 1, 2019.
- The community passed a \$69.9 million dollar general obligation bond on June 25, 2019 to fund a new high school located on West 27th St. west of the University of Northern Iowa Dome.
- The Board of Education approved the purchase of additional 19.5 acres on West 27th St to be used for the new high school.
- Additions and remodeling to North Cedar Elementary School were finalized. A new 7,689 square foot addition as well as remodeling of pre-kindergarten, kindergarten and special education classrooms opened in August/September 2018. The northern half of the school was demolished and was replaced with a 20,191 square foot addition. In addition, remodeling of existing first and second grade classrooms along with the media center was included in the project.
- Additions and remodeling to Orchard Hill Elementary School were finalized. The new 39,011 square foot addition opened March 2019 with remodeling of portions of the existing school opening August 2018.
- The District sold \$10 million dollars of School Infrastructure Sales, Services and Use Tax Revenue Bonds on November 12, 2019 for the purpose of providing funds to pay the initial costs, furnishing and equipping a new high school building and improving the site.
- The District continues to work on facility needs including the new high school, decentralization of kitchen operations and North Cedar playground site improvement.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to reflect the District's accountability for the monies it receives. If you have any questions about this report, or need additional financial information, please contact Mrs. Denelle Gonnerman, Chief Financial Officer/Board Secretary, Cedar Falls Community School District, 1002 West First St., Cedar Falls, Iowa 50613.

It is the policy of the Cedar Falls Community School District to not discriminate in its educational activities on the basis of race, color, creed, marital status, socio-economic status, national origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or disability.



Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019

	I	Primary Governme	ent	
	Governmental	Business Type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Unit
Assets				
Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$23,026,294	\$ 859,553	\$23,885,847	\$ 2,835,647
Receivables:				
Property tax:	110 107		110 107	
Delinquent	118,197	:=:	118,197	ä
Succeeding year Accounts	29,087,947 607,889	265	29,087,947 608,154	ā
Accounts Accrued interest	5,541	203	5,541	
Due from other governments	757,191	17. 12.	757,191	5 2
Due from other funds	757,151	(2)	757,171	2
Inventories	9,156	81,581	90,737	2
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	112,115,529	117,933	112,233,462	
Total assets	165,727,744	1,059,332	166,787,076	2,835,647
			-	
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Pension related deferred outflows	9,784,420	199,682	9,984,102	-
OPEB related deferred outflows	26,523	100 (00	26,523	
Total deferred outflows of resources	9,810,943	199,682	10,010,625	·——
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	1,681,199	72,634	1,753,833	1,766
Salaries and benefits payable	6,028,438	35,731	6,064,169	-
Due to other governments	124,612		124,612	9
Due to other funds	©€	-	*	<u>~</u>
Accrued interest payable	112,296	建	112,296	¥
Long-term liabilities:				
Portion due within one year:				
Compensated absences	204,648	380	204,648	*
General obligation bonds	1,446,620	S=6	1,446,620	-
Revenue bonds	2,045,055	:=:	2,045,055	馬
Note payable	A.E.	1.00	· (2)	₹
Portion due after one year:			20.065.000	
General obligation bonds	28,965,920	-	28,965,920	ü
Revenue bonds	13,930,165	(2)(101	13,930,165	11
Net pension liability	31,172,879	636,181	31,809,060	<u> </u>
Net OPEB liability Total liabilities	2,574,000 88,285,832	744,546	2,574,000 89,030,378	1,766
i otai nadinties	88,283,832	744,340	89,030,378	1,700
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable property tax revenue	29,087,947		29,087,947	
Pension related deferred inflows	1,561,088	31,859	1,592,947	<u> </u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	30,649,035	31,859	30,680,894	
Not Desidio				
Net Position	65,727,769	117,933	65,845,702	=
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	03,727,709	117,933	05,045,702	=
Categorical funding	346,111	120	346,111	22
Management levy	1,037,688		1,037,688	_
Student activities	540,994	-	540,994	
Other special revenue purposes	19,687		19,687	-
Physical plant and equipment levy	3,989,780	:=:	3,989,780	-
Unrestricted	(15,058,209)	364,676	(14,693,533)	2,833,881
Total net position	\$56,603,820	\$ 482,609	\$57,086,429	\$ 2,833,881
				×

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2019

1	ear ended June 30	,		
		17	Program Revenue	
			Operating	Capital
			Grants,	Grants,
			Contributions	Contributions
		Charges for	and Restricted	and Restricted
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Interest	Interest
	1			
Primary Government:				
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction:				
Regular instruction	\$ 30,277,753	\$ 2,118,385	\$ 6,975,457	\$ -
Special instruction	8,445,114	890,883	387,442	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Other instruction	5,627,849	920,556	626,113	-
	44,350,716	3,929,824	7,989,012	-
Support services:	:(-	-
Student services	1,933,695	<u>~</u>	â	-
Instructional staff services	2,304,079	2	=	121
Administration services	6,348,339	12,166	<u>15</u>	
Operation and maintenance of plant services	5,456,386	979,741	<u> </u>	95,002
Transportation services	2,324,690	20,038	65,772	
P	18,367,189	1,011,945	65,772	95,002
Other expenditures:	(
Facilities acquisition	432,579	€	×	
Long-term debt interest and other charges	1,284,357	æ	H	3. 9 6
AEA flowthrough	2,426,393		2,426,393	
Depreciation (unallocated)	2,284,003	-	-,,	·
	6,427,332		2,426,393	-
Total governmental activities	69,145,237	4,941,769	10,481,177	95,002
Business Type Activities:				
Non-instructional programs:				
Food service operations	2,518,272	1,490,162	980,244	
•				9 05 002
Total	\$ 71,663,509	\$ 6,431,931	\$ 11,461,421	\$ 95,002
Component Unit:				
Cedar Falls Community Schools Foundation	\$ 107,781	\$	\$ 100,473	\$

General Revenues:

Property taxes, levied for:

General purposes

Statewide sales, services and use tax

Unrestricted state grants

Unrestricted investment earnings

Other

Transfers

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position beginning of year

Net position end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Governmental	rimary Governme Business Type		Component
Activities	Activities	Total	Unit
\$(21,183,911)	\$ -	\$(21,183,911)	\$ -
(7,166,789)	表生	(7,166,789)	%≅4
(4,081,180)		(4,081,180) $(32,431,880)$	19
(32,431,880)		(32,431,000)	
(1,933,695)	-	(1,933,695)	=
(2,304,079)	-	(2,304,079)	(**
(6,336,173)	-	(6,336,173)	©=
(4,381,643)	-	(4,381,643)	R a r
(2,238,880)	-	(2,238,880)	
(17,194,470)		(17,194,470)	
(432,579)	-	(432,579)	3 2
(1,284,357)	*0	(1,284,357)	3#
(0.004.003)	**	(2.204.002)	
(2,284,003)		(2,284,003)	
(4,000,939) (53,627,289)		$\frac{(4,000,939)}{(53,627,289)}$	
(33,027,289)	-	(33,027,289)	
**	(47,866)	(47,866)	<u> </u>
(53,627,289)	(47,866)	(53,675,155)	2
			(7,308)
27,746,837	9	27,746,837	2
5,259,465	20	5,259,465	:2:
24,035,959	4	24,035,959	:¥3
492,417	17,495	509,912	124,980
113,921	**	113,921	66,218
18,979	(18,979)		
57,667,578	(1,484)	57,666,094	191,198
4,040,289	(49,350)	3,990,939	183,890
52,563,531	531,959	53,095,490	2,649,991
\$ 56,603,820	\$ 482,609	\$ 57,086,429	\$ 2,833,881

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2019

A4:	General	Debt Service
Assets Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments Receivables:	\$ 10,165,353	\$ 13,128
Property tax: Delinquent Succeeding year Accounts Accrued interest Due from other governments Due from other funds Inventories	91,410 22,517,056 603,396 339,852 9,156	9,925 2,438,425 - - -
Total assets	\$ 33,726,223	\$ 2,461,478
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities:		
Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Due to other governments Due to other funds	\$ 740,932 6,028,438 124,612	\$ -
Total liabilities	6,893,982	
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues: Succeeding year property tax	22 517 054	2 429 425
	22,517,056	2,438,425
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted for:	9,156	¥
Categorical funding Debt service	346,111	23,053
Management levy purposes		23,033
Student activities Public purpose trust funds	18	漂
School infrastructure	*	=
Physical plant and equipment	199) =)
Unassigned Total fund balances	3,959,918 4,315,185	23,053
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 33,726,223	\$ 2,461,478

	Nonmajor	Total
Capital	Governmental	Governmental
Projects	Funds	Funds
\$ 11,219,583	\$ 1,628,230	\$ 23,026,294
14,270	2,592	118,197
3,631,683	500,783	29,087,947
943 	4,493	607,889
5,541	-	5,541
417,339	-	757,191
2	<u> </u>	9,156
\$ 15,288,416	\$ 2,136,098	\$ 53,612,215
\$ 903,321	\$ 36,946	\$ 1,681,199
-	=	6,028,438 124,612
-		124,012
903,321	36,946	7,834,249
*	<u> </u>	
3,631,683	500,783	29,087,947
<u> </u>	<u></u>	9,156
8	***	346,111
5 2	5 2	23,053
	1,037,688	1,037,688
π	540,994	540,994
=	19,687	19,687
6,763,632	=	6,763,632
3,989,780		3,989,780
10,753,412	1,598,369	3,959,918
10,733,412	1,370,309	10,090,019
\$ 15,288,416	\$ 2,136,098	\$ 53,612,215
		27

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019

Total fund balances of governmental funds (page 19)		\$16,690,019
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.		112,115,529
Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.		(112,296)
Pension and OPEB related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds, as follows: Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 9,810,943 (1,561,088)	8,249,855
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, compensated absences payable, total OPEB liability and net pension liability are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		(80,339,287)
Net position of governmental activities (page 17)		\$56,603,820

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2019

real ended Julie 30, 2019		D.1.4
	0 1	Debt
D	General	Service
Revenues:		
Local sources:	0.01040.155	A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A.
Local tax	\$ 21,248,155	\$ 2,420,454
Tuition	2,742,104	.75
Other	742,476	13,729
State sources	32,375,668	60,666
Federal sources	1,908,924	
Total revenues	59,017,327	2,494,849
Expenditures:		
Current:		
Instruction:		
	20 070 677	
Regular instruction	28,078,677	~
Special instruction	8,248,751	(A)
Other instruction	4,593,736	
	40,921,164	(=)
Support services:		
Student services	1,895,600	120
Instructional staff services	2,247,409	
Administration services	5,919,624	₩.
Operation and maintenance of plant services	4,842,393	:=:
Transportation services	1,782,320	
•	16,687,346	190
Other expenditures:		
Facilities acquisition and construction	: ·	-
Long-term debt:		
Principal Principal	92	3,645,000
	15	1,490,825
Interest and other charges	2 426 202	1,490,623
AEA flowthrough	2,426,393	5 105 005
m · t	2,426,393	5,135,825
Total expenditures	60,034,903	5,135,825
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,017,576)	(2,640,976)
Other financing courses (uses):		
Other financing sources (uses):	10.060	
Proceeds from sale of real or personal property	40,969	-
General obligation bonds issued	:=:	
Operating transfers in	21,757	2,342,830
Operating transfers out	385	
Total other financing sources (uses)	62,726	2,342,830
Change in fund balances	(954,850)	(298,146)
Fund balances beginning of year	5,270,035	321,199
Fund balances end of year	\$ 4,315,185	\$ 23,053

		Nonmajor	Total
	Capital	Governmental	Governmental
	Projects	Funds	Funds
\$	3,479,820	\$ 598,408	\$ 27,746,837
			2,742,104
	1,137,068	953,515	2,846,788
	5,355,603	16,036	37,807,973
		· ·	1,908,924
	9,972,491	1,567,959	73,052,626
		<i>₹</i>	
	d		
	1,100,044	111,601	29,290,322
	· ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8,248,751
		918,448	5,512,184
	1,100,044	1,030,049	43,051,257
	V =	52	1,895,600
	12,695		2,260,104
	249,120	21,398	6,190,142
	172,816	426,112	5,441,321
	443,699	95,978	2,321,997
	878,330	543,488	18,109,164
	14,939,589	:** : ≤ :	14,939,589
		•	3,645,000
	-		1,490,825
			2,426,393
	14,939,589		22,501,807
	16,917,963	1,573,537	83,662,228
	(6,945,472)	(5,578)	(10,609,602)
	72,952		113,921
	10,250	-	2,374,837
	(2,342,830)	(13,028)	(2,355,858)
-	(2,259,628)	$\frac{(13,028)}{(13,028)}$	132,900
	(9,205,100)	(18,606)	(10,476,702)
	19,958,512	1,616,975	27,166,721
\$	10,753,412	\$ 1,598,369	\$ 16,690,019
-			

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2019

,			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 21)			\$ (10,476,702)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. These costs are not reported in the Statement of Activities, but they are allocated over the estimated useful lives of the capital assets as depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. Capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation in the current year, as follows: Expenditures for capital assets Depreciation expense	\$	15,074,782 (2,808,622)	12,266,160
Proceeds from issuing long-term liabilities provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Current year repayments exceeded issuances, as follows: Issuances Repayments		3,645,000	3,645,000
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds when due. In the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.			154,793
Amortization of premium on long-term liabilities decreases long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position, and is included with interest on long-term debt on the Statement of Activities.			51,675
The current year District IPERS contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, but are reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the Statement of Net Position.			3,545,485
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, as follows:			
Compensated absences Pension expense OPEB expense	_	(2,574) (4,896,071) (247,477)	(5,146,122)
Change in net position of governmental activities (page 18)			\$ 4,040,289

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2019

			Er	nterprise		
		School		Coffee		
		Nutrition		Shop		Total
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	854,626	\$	4,927	\$	859,553
Accounts receivable		265		-		265
Accrued interest receivable		9		•)(=)
Due from other governments		01.601		•		01.501
Inventories		81,581	07	1005		81,581
Total current assets		936,472		4,927		941,399
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		117,933				117,933
Total assets		1,054,405		4,927	-	1,059,332
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Pension related deferred outflows of resources		199,682		82		199,682
1 onston rotated deterred outflows of resources	5	199,002				177,002
Liabilities						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		72,634		缓		72,634
Salaries and benefits payable		35,731		(<u>e</u>		35,731
Due to other funds		<u> </u>		9		=
Total current liabilities		108,365		S.E.		108,365
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Net pension liability		636,181		(**		636,181
The pension national	-	030,101	•		-	050,101
Total liabilities		744,546				744,546
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Pension related deferred inflows of resources		31,859		94		31,859
Tension related deterred inflows of resources	Q	31,037	-		-	31,033
Net position						
Investment in capital assets		117,933		-		117,933
Unrestricted		359,749		4,927		364,676
Takal mak maniki m	ø	477 (92	ď	4.027	æ	402 600
Total net position	\$	477,682	\$	4,927	<u>\$</u>	482,609

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

Year ended June 30, 2019

	Enterprise			
	School Nutrition	Coffee Shop	Total	
Operating revenues:				
Local sources:	\$ 1,466,789	\$ =	\$ 1,466,789	
Charges for service Other	9,456	3 = 13,917	23,373	
Total operating revenues	1,476,245	13,917	1,490,162	
Total operating revenues	1,470,213	13,717	1,100,102	
Operating expenses:				
Non-instructional programs:				
Food service operations:	000 ((0		000 ((0	
Salaries	829,663	~	829,663	
Benefits	253,289 47,257	E	253,289 47,257	
Purchased services Supplies	1,338,991	14,470	1,353,461	
Depreciation Depreciation	34,602	14,470	34,602	
Total operating expenses	2,503,802	14,470	2,518,272	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Operating income (loss)	(1,027,557)	(553)	(1,028,110)	
Non-operating revenues:				
State sources	14,882	T Ro	14,882	
Federal sources	965,362		965,362	
Interest on investments	17,495		17,495	
Total non-operating revenues	997,739		997,739	
Non-operating expenses:				
Operating transfer out	(18,979)		(18,979)	
Change in net position	(48,797)	(553)	(49,350)	
Net position beginning of year	526,479	5,480	531,959	
Net position end of year	\$ 477,682	\$ 4,927	\$ 482,609	

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

Year ended June 30, 2019

		Enterprise	
	School	Coffee	
	Nutrition	Shop	Total
		1	
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from sale of lunches and breakfasts	\$ 1,489,063	\$ 14,079	\$ 1,503,142
Cash payments to employees for services	(1,044,772)	=	(1,044,772)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	(1,270,537)	(15,536)	(1,286,073)
Net cash provided by (used by) operating activities	(826,246)	(1,457)	(827,703)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: State grants received	14,882	-	14,882
Federal grants received	822,031	_	822,031
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	836,913		836,913
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	830,913		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets Disposition of capital assets	(33,071)	-	(33,071)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(33,071)		(33,071)
Net easil used by capital and related finalicing activities	(33,071)	-	(55,071)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments	17,495		17,495
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(4,909)	(1,457)	(6,366)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	859,535	6,384	865,919
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 854,626	\$ 4,927	\$ 859,553
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used by) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used by) operating activities:	\$ (1,027,557)	\$ (553)	\$ (1,028,110)
Commodities used	143,331	*	143,331
Depreciation Depreciation	34,602	Ω.	34,602
Transfers	(18,979)	~	(18,979)
	13,051	162	13,213
Decrease in receivables		102	
Decrease in inventories	2,206	(1.0(6)	2,206
Decrease in accounts payable	(10,847)	(1,066)	(11,913)
Increase in salaries and benefits payable	10,617	<u> </u>	10,617
Decrease in due to others	(233)	=	(233)
Decrease in net pension liability	(6,278)	=	(6,278)
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources	14,259	=	14,259
Increase in deferred inflows of resources	19,582	.	19,582
Net cash provided by (used by) operating activities	\$ (826,246)	\$ (1,457)	\$ (827,703)

Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities:
During the year ended June 30, 2019, the District received \$143,331 of federal commodities.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

June 30, 2019

	Private Purpose Trust - Scholarships	Agency Funds
Assets	•	
Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$ 16,488	\$ 117,690
Accounts receivable	78	13,505
Due from others	4 	538,181
Total assets	16,488	669,376
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	(25	613,876
Due to other funds	(F)) ,
Due to others	: <u></u>	55,500
Total liabilities	·	669,376
Net position		
Reserved for scholarships	\$ 16,488	\$

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

Year ended June 30, 2019

	Private Purpose Trust - Scholarships	
Additions: Local sources: Gifts and contributions Interest income Total additions	\$ 5,000 222 5,222	
Deductions: Support services: Scholarships awarded Total deductions	6,250 6,250	
Change in net position	(1,028)	
Net position beginning of year	17,516	
Net position end of year	\$ 16,488	

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Cedar Falls Community School District is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates public schools for children in grades pre-kindergarten through twelve. Additionally, the District either operates or sponsors various adult education programs. These courses include remedial education as well as career and vocational and recreational courses. The geographic area served includes the City of Cedar Falls, Iowa and the predominate agricultural territory in Black Hawk County. The District is governed by a Board of Education whose members are elected on a non-partisan basis.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the District has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District. The Cedar Falls Community School District has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit</u> - The Cedar Falls Community Schools Foundation is a legally separate nonprofit corporation. The Foundation was established to promote and further the Educational process of the Cedar Falls Community School District.

<u>Jointly Governed Organization</u> - The District participates in a jointly governed organization that provides services to the District but does not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The District is a member of the Black Hawk County Assessor's Conference Board.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflow of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in the following categories:

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation - (continued)

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation did not result in any restricted net position.

Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net position is often subjected to constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds. Combining schedules are also included for the Capital Project Fund accounts.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenues and other revenues not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenditures, including instructional, support and other costs.

The Debt Service Fund is utilized to account for property tax and other revenues to be used for the payment of interest and principal on the District's general long-term debt.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation - (continued)

The Enterprise Fund, School Nutrition Fund is used to account for the food service operations of the District.

The District also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net position and changes in net position. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

The Private Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for assets held by the District under trust agreements which require income earned to be used to benefit individuals through scholarship awards.

The Agency Fund is used to account for assets held by the District as an agent for individuals, private organizations and other governments. The Agency Fund is custodial in nature, assets equal liabilities, and does not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - (continued)

Under terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then general revenues.

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is generally to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to less-restrictive classifications - committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's Enterprise Fund is charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The District maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statements of the District are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance/Net Position</u>

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

<u>Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Pooled Investments</u> - The cash balances of most District funds are pooled and invested. Investments are stated at fair value except for the investment in the Iowa Schools Joint Investment Trust which is valued at amortized cost and non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at cost.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months.

<u>Property Tax Receivable</u> - Property tax in the governmental funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the Board of Education. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (continued)

D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund</u> Balance/Net Position - (continued)

The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget in April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is reported as a deferred inflow of resources in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds becomes due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1 1/2% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2017 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April, 2018.

<u>Due From Other Governments</u> - Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for purchased items and contributed value for government commodities. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased or received.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, furniture, and equipment, and intangibles acquired after July 1, 1980 are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value. Acquisition value is the price that would have been paid to acquire a capital asset with equivalent service potential. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Reportable capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Land	\$ 2,000
Buildings and improvements	2,000
Improvements other than buildings	2,000
Intangibles	50,000
Furniture and equipment:	
School Nutrition Fund equipment	2,000
Other furniture and equipment	2,000
Vehicles	2,000

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance/Net Position - (continued)

Capital assets are depreciated/amortized using the straight line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	50 years
Improvements other than buildings	20 - 50 years
Intangibles	5 - 10 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	4 - 7 years

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> - Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future year(s) which will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension and OPEB expense, the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and contributions from the District after the measurement date but before the end of the District's reporting period.

<u>Salaries and Benefits Payable</u> - Payroll and expenditures for teachers, administrators and others with annual contracts corresponding to the current school year which are payable in July and August, have been accrued as liabilities.

<u>Advances from Grantors</u> - Grant proceeds which have been received by the District but will be spent in a succeeding fiscal year.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - District employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, retirement or death. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental fund financial statements only for employees that have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2019. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

<u>Long-Term Liabilities</u> - In the government-wide financial statement, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column in the Statement of Net Position.

<u>Pensions</u> - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS) and additions to/deductions from IPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions, are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The net pension liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (continued)

D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance/Net Position - (continued)</u>

<u>Total OPEB Liability</u> - For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information has been determined based on the Cedar Falls Community School District's actuary report. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The total OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund and the Enterprise, School Nutrition Fund.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future year(s) which will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collectible within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements represents the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources consist of property tax receivable and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position consist of succeeding year property tax receivables that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied and unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense.

Fund Balance - In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form, such as inventories, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as the corpus of a permanent fund.

<u>Restricted</u> - Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or state or federal laws or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - Amounts which can be used only for specific purposes determined pursuant to constraints formally imposed by the Board of Education through resolution approved prior to year end. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same action it employed to commit those amounts.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts that are constrained by the intent of the Board of Education, but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned - All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (continued)

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2019 expenditures did not exceed the amounts budgeted, and the District did not exceed its General Fund unspent authorized budget.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures and expenses, as appropriate during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) Cash, Cash Equivalents and Pooled Investments

The District's deposits in banks at June 30, 2019 were entirely covered by Federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund, in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities, certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education, prime eligible bankers acceptances, certain high-rated commercial paper, perfected repurchase agreements, certain registered open-end management investment companies, certain joint investment trusts, and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district. However, the Board policy is to only invest in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and public funds instrumentalities and certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education and the Treasurer of the State of Iowa.

During the year, the District had investments in the Iowa Schools Joint Investment Trust Direct (ISJIT) Government Obligations Portfolio which were valued at an amortized cost of \$0 at June 30, 2019, pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940. There were no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals of the ISJIT investments. The investments in ISJIT were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's Financial Services.

(3) Area Education Agency

The District is required by the Code of Iowa to budget for its share of special education support, media and education services provided through the Area Education Agency. The District's actual amount for this purpose totaled \$2,426,393 for the year ended June 30, 2019, and is recorded in the General Fund by making a memorandum adjusting entry to the cash basis financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

(4) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Ва	lance, Beginning of Year	Increases	Increases Decreases	
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,965,334	\$	\$ =	\$ 2,965,334
Construction in progress	26,021,807	12,739,556	21,626,265	17,135,098
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	28,987,141	12,739,556	21,626,265	20,100,432
Capital assets being depreciated/amortiz	red·			
Buildings and improvements	98,922,324	23,198,080	~	122,120,404
Improvements other than	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	20,170,000		,,
buildings	3,169,966	2	2	3,169,966
Furniture and equipment	3,540,035	375,638	26,098	3,889,575
Vehicles	4,370,658	387,773	322,005	4,436,426
Intangibles	1,570,050	201,772	=	.,,
Total capital assets being				
depreciated/amortized	110,002,983	23,961,491	348,103	133,616,371
depreciated/amortized	110,002,703	23,701,171	3.10,100	
Less accumulated depreciation/amortiza	ntion for:			
Buildings and improvements	30,606,652	2,028,476	-	32,635,128
Improvements other than	50,000,00	_,,		, ,
buildings	2,779,904	104,357	-	2,884,261
Furniture and equipment	2,782,916	293,068	26,098	3,049,886
Vehicles	2,971,283	382,721	322,005	3,031,999
Intangibles	2,5 / 1,200	,	,···-	
Total accumulated depreciation/				2
amortization	39,140,755	2,808,622	348,103	41,601,274
unioitization				
Total capital assets being				
depreciated/amortized, net	70,862,228	21,152,869		92,015,097
1				
Governmental activities			A 21 (2) (2)	A 110 117 700
capital assets, net	\$ 99,849,369	\$ 33,892,425	\$ 21,626,265	\$ 112,115,529
Business type activities:				
Furniture, equipment, vehicles	\$ 809,531	\$ 33,071	\$ 66,972	\$ 775,630
Less accumulated depreciation	690,067	34,602	66,972	657,697
200 accumanta achiesianon		,		Y
Business type activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 119,464	\$ (1,531)	\$ -	\$ 117,933

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

(4) Capital Assets - (continued)

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to the following functions:

Instruction:		
Regular	\$	82,705
Special		616
Other		10,488
Support services:		
Support staff		239
Instructional staff		3,037
Administration		24,561
Operation and maintenance of plant		45,894
Transportation		357,079
·		524,619
Unallocated depreciation/amortization		2,284,003
Total depreciation/amortization expense - governmental activities	s <u>\$</u>	2,808,622
Business type activities:		
School nutrition		34,602

(5) <u>Long-Term Liabilities</u>

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019 are summarized as follows:

Bal	ance, Beginning of Year	Additions	Reductions	Balance, End of Year	Due Within One Year
Governmental activit	ies:				
General Obligation			A 1 22 5 22 2	A 00 (00 000	m 1 400 000
Bonds payable	\$ 30,955,000	\$ -	\$ 1,335,000	\$ 29,620,000	\$ 1,400,000
Premium	839,160		46,620	792,540	46,620
	31,794,160		1,381,620	30,412,540	1,446,620
Revenue					
Bonds payable	4,680,000	±₹/\	900,000	3,780,000	920,000
Premium	25,275		5,055	20,220	5,055
	4,705,275		905,055	3,800,220	925,055
Revenue	· · · · · · · ·				
Bonds payable	13,275,000	<u> </u>	1,100,000	12,175,000	1,120,000
Note payable	310,000	1.50	310,000	<u> </u>	*
Compensated					
absences	202,074	204,648	202,074	204,648	204,648
Net pension liab.	31,480,491	S T	307,612	31,172,879	
Net OPEB liab.	2,300,000	274,000		2,574,000	<u> </u>
Total	\$ 84,067,000	\$ 478,648	\$ 4,206,361	\$ 80,339,287	\$ 3,696,323
Business type activities:					
Net pension liab.	\$ 642,659	\$ -	\$ 6,478	\$ 636,181	\$ -

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

(5) <u>Long-Term Liabilities - (continued)</u>

General Obligation bonds:

Details of the District's June 30, 2019 general obligation indebtedness are as follows:

Year	Bond	Bond Issued February 7, 2017							
Ending June 30,	Interest Rate		Principal		Interest				
2020	4.000%	\$	1,400,000	\$	1,034,300				
2021	4.000%		1,425,000		978,300				
2022	4.000%		1,450,000		921,300				
2023	3.500%		1,475,000		863,300				
2024	5.000%		1,510,000		811,675				
2025-2029	3.000%-5.000%		8,325,000		3,073,525				
2030-2034	3.000%-3.375%		9,635,000		1,711,038				
2035-2036	3.375%-3.500%	_	4,400,000		229,881				
			29,620,000	\$	9,623,319				

The proceeds of these bonds were expected to be used to (i) provide funds to construct, build, furnish, and equip a new elementary building and to improve the site; (ii) construct, build, furnish and equip additions to North Cedar and Orchard Hill elementary buildings, and to remodel, repair, improve, furnish and equip those buildings and improve those sites; and (iii) pay the cost of issuing the bonds. The bonds are a general obligation of the District, and the debt is subject to the constitutional debt limitation of the District.

Revenue bonds:

Details of the District's June 30, 2019 School Infrastructure Sales, Services and Use Tax bonded indebtedness are as follows:

Year	Bond Is	d Issued September 23, 2013			Bond I	ssue	d November 2	21, 20	16	
Ending June 30,	Interest Rate		Principal		Interest	Interest Rate		Principal		Interest
2020	2.500%	\$	920,000	\$	104,050	2.100%	\$	1,120,000	\$	255,675
2021	2.500%		950,000		81,050	2.100%		1,135,000		232,155
2022	3.000%		965,000		57,300	2.100%		1,160,000		208,320
2023	3.000%		945,000		28,350	2.100%		1,180,000		183,960
2024					3.00	2.100%		1,205,000		159,180
2025-2029		-	<u> </u>			2.100%		6,375,000		406,875
		\$	3,780,000	\$	270,750		\$	12,175,000	\$	1,446,165

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

(5) Long-Term Liabilities - (continued)

Year	Total						
Ending June 30,	Pri	ncipal	Interest		Total		
2020	\$ 2,04	\$ 0,000	359,725	\$	2,399,725		
2021	2,08	35,000	313,205		2,398,205		
2022	2,12	25,000	265,620		2,390,620		
2023	2,12	25,000	212,310		2,337,310		
2024	1,20	05,000	159,180		1,364,180		
2025-2029	•	75,000	406,875		6,781,875		
	\$ 15,95	55,000 \$	1,716,915	\$	17,671,915		

The District has pledged future school infrastructure sales, services and use tax revenues to repay the \$9,950,000 of bonds issued September 23, 2013. These bonds were issued to (i) finance the completion of the construction, furnishing, and equipping of additions to the existing school buildings and related remodeling and improvements; (ii) fund a debt service reserve fund in the amount of \$995,000; and (iii) pay the cost of issuance of the Bonds. The bonds are not a general obligation of the District, however, the debt is subject to the constitutional debt limitation of the District. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$4,050,750. For the current year, principal of \$900,000 and interest of \$122,050 was paid. Total statewide sales, services and use tax revenues were \$5,259,465.

The District has pledged future school infrastructure sales, services and use tax revenues to repay the \$15,580,000 of refunding bonds issued November 21, 2016. These net proceeds, along with other resources, were paid to the bond escrow agent to provide for future debt service on the remaining \$16,095,000 balance of the \$20,500,000 bond issued June 1, 2011. As a result, that portion of the 2011 series bonds is considered defeased and the District has removed the liability from its accounts. The bonds are not a general obligation of the district, however, the debt is subject to the constitutional debt limitation of the District. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$13,621,165. For the current year, principal of \$1,100,000 and interest of \$278,775 was paid.

Note payable:

On April 30, 2017, the District entered into a real estate contract with the Board of Regents, State of Iowa, for the use and benefit of the University of Northern Iowa, to purchase approximately 50 acres of land for \$1,240,000. Earnest money of \$20,000 was paid on May 31, 2017. Closing took place on October 10, 2017, and \$600,000 was paid as of that date. A payment of \$310,000 was made June 30, 2018, and the contract balance of \$310,000 was paid on June 30, 2019.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

(6) <u>Construction Commitment</u>

The District has entered into contracts for various building construction, improvement and roofing projects totaling \$20,912,766 as of June 30, 2019. Costs of \$17,135,098 on these contracts had been incurred as of June 30, 2019, \$16,505,888 had been paid, and \$629,210 was included in the accounts payable on the balance sheet. The balance of \$3,777,668 remaining on these contracts will be paid as work on the various projects progresses.

(7) Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> - IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the District, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the District are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at www.ipers.org.

IPERS benefits are established under Iowa Code chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

<u>Pension Benefits</u> - A Regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, anytime after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment, or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits. Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier based on years of service.
- The member's highest five-year average salary, except members with service before June 30, 2012 will use the highest three-year average salary as of that date if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25% for each month that the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned on or after July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50% for each month that the member receives benefits before age 65.

<u>Disability and Death Benefits</u> - A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

(7) Pension Plan (continued)

If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

<u>Contributions</u> - Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. State statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires that the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll, based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal year 2019, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 6.29% of pay and the District contributed 9.44% for a total rate of 15.73%.

The District's contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$3,617,842.

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2019, the District recorded a liability of \$31,809,060 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to IPERS relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.502652%, which was an increase of 0.020417% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$4,995,991. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

<u> </u>		red Outflows of Resources	Def	erred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	174,404	\$	718,936
Changes of assumptions		4,537,759		(4 0)
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on IPERS investments		=\"		874,011
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions				
and the District's proportionate share of contributions		1,654,097) <u>-</u> -
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	3,617,842		120
Total	\$	9,984,102	\$	1,592,947

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

(7) Pension Plan (continued)

\$3,617,842 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2020	\$ 2,774,192
2021	1,588,742
2022	147,742
2023	232,269
2024	30,368
Total	\$ 4,773,313

There were no non-employer contributing entities to IPERS.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Rate of inflation (effective June 30, 2017)	2.60% per annum.
Rates of salary increases	3.25 to 16.25% average, including inflation.
(effective June 30, 2017)	Rates vary by membership group.
Long-term investment rate of return (effective June 30, 2017)	7.00% compounded annually, net of investment expense, including inflation
Wage growth (effective June 30, 2017)	3.25% per annum, based on 2.60% inflation and 0.65% real wage inflation

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an economic assumption study dated March 24, 2017 and a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee and Healthy Annuitant Tables with MP-2017 generational adjustments.

The long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

(7) Pension Plan (continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	22.0%	6.01%
International equity	15.0%	6.48%
Global smart beta equity	3.0%	6.23%
Core plus fixed income	27.0%	1.97%
Public credit	3.5%	3.93%
Public real assets	7.0%	2.91%
Cash	1.0%	-0.25%
Private equity	11.0%	10.81%
Private real assets	7.5%	4.14%
Private credit	3.0%	3.11%
Total	100.0%	

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and that contributions from the District will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the IPERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.00%) or 1% higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 53,986,367	\$ 31,809,060	\$ 13,205,596

<u>IPERS' Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information about the IPERS' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website at <u>www.ipers.org</u>.

<u>Payables to IPERS</u>- At June 30, 2019, the District reported payables to IPERS of \$0 for legally required employer contributions and \$0 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to IPERS.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

(8) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u> - The District administers a single-employer benefit plan which provides medical and prescription drug benefits for employees, retirees and their spouses. Group insurance benefits are established under Iowa Code Chapter 509A.13. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

<u>OPEB Benefits</u> - Individuals who are employed by the Cedar Falls Community School District and are eligible to participate in the group health plan are eligible to continue healthcare benefits upon retirement. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical and prescription drug benefits as active employees, which results in an implicit subsidy and an OPEB liability.

Retired participants must be age 55 or older at retirement. At June 30, 2019 the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	18
Active employees	699
Total	717

<u>Total OPEB Liability</u> - The District's total OPEB liability of \$2,574,000 was measured as of June 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and the entry age normal actuarial cost method, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Rate of inflation (effective June 30, 2018)	2.50% per annum.
Rates of salary increases	3.50% per annum,
(effective June 30, 2018)	including inflation.
Discount rate	3.50% compounded annually,
(effective June 30, 2019)	including inflation.
Healthcare cost trend rate	6.50% initial rate decreasing by .5%
(effective June 30, 2019)	annually to an ultimate rate of 4.50%.

<u>Discount Rate</u> - the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.50% which reflects the index rate for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher as of the measurement date.

Mortality rates are from the SOA RPH-2017 total dataset mortality table fully generational using Scale MP-2017. Annual retirement probabilities are based on varying rates by age and turnover probabilities mirror those used by IPERS.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies with dates corresponding to those listed above.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

(8) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Total OPEB liability beginning of year	\$\$_	2,300,000
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		244,078
Interest		95,622
Difference between expected		
and actual experiences		#.
Changes in assumptions		80,555
Benefit payments		(145,725)
Rounding	·	(530)
Net changes	*	274,000
Total OPEB liability end of year	\$	2,574,000

Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.87% in fiscal year 2018 to 3.50% in fiscal year 2019.

Sensitivity of the District's Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (2.50%) or 1% higher (4.50%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (2.50%)	Discount Rate (3.50%)	1% Increase (4.50%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 3,005,000	\$ 2,574,000	\$ 2,235,000

<u>Sensitivity of the District's Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u> - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower (5.50%) or 1% higher (7.50%) than the current rate.

10 0 7 0) VANDA VALO O SALOUSE SEESE		Healthcare Cost	
	1% Decrease (5.50%)	Trend Rate (6.50%)	1% Increase (7.50%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,224,000	\$ 2,574,000	\$ 3,010,000

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$342,000. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 26,523
Total	\$ 26,523

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

(8) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2020	\$ 1,864
2021	1,864
2022	1,864
2023	1,864
2024	1,864
Thereafter	17,203
Total	\$ 26,523

(9) Contingencies and Risk Management

At June 30, 2019, the District is involved in various claims and lawsuits against the District that arise in the normal course of operations, many of which are covered by insurance. The outcome and eventual liability of the District, if any, from these claims and any unasserted claims is not known at this time. The District is also exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The District assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(10) Tax Abatements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77 defines tax abatements as a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more government promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

Tax Abatements of Other Entities

Property tax revenues of the District were reduced by the following amounts for the year ended June 30, 2019 under agreements entered into by the following entities:

Amount of Tax

Entity	Tax Abatement Program	Amount of At	ated
City of Cedar Falls	Urban renewal and economic development projects	\$ 117,	225

The State of Iowa reimburses the District an amount equivalent to the increment of valuation on which property tax is divided times \$5.40 per \$1,000 of taxable valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2019, this reimbursement amounted to \$62,588.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

(11) Interfund Transfers

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Transfer to:		Transfer from:	
General Fund	\$ 2,778		
Capital Projects Funds: Stateside Sales, Services and Use Tax	5,000		
Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	5,250	Special Revenue Fund: Management Levy	\$ 13,028
Debt Service Fund	2,342,830	Capital Projects Fund: Stateside Sales, Services and Use Tax	2,342,830 2,355,858
General Fund	18,979	Proprietary Fund: Enterprise Fund - School Nutrition	18,979
	\$ 2,374,837		\$ 2,374,837

Transfers generally move resources from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to disburse the resources.

(12) Categorical Funding

In accordance with Iowa Administrative Code Section 98.1, categorical funding is financial support from the state and federal governments targeted for particular categories of students, special programs, or special purposes. This support is in addition to school district or area education agency general purpose revenue, for purposes beyond the basic educational program and most often has restrictions on its use. Any portion of categorical funding provided by the state that is not expended by the end of the fiscal year must be carried forward as a restricted fund balance.

Program	Amount	
TLC	\$	73,399
New teacher mentoring		18,632
Teacher salary supplement		21,556
Professional development		139,746
4-year old preschool		38,229
Talented and gifted program	. 	54,549
Total	\$	346,111

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

(13) <u>Subsequent Events</u>

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 12, 2019, the date which the financial statements were available for issue.

A special election was held on June 25, 2019, and a measure was passed to contract indebtedness and issue General Obligation Bonds in an amount not to exceed \$69,900,000 to provide funds to construct, build, furnish and equip a new high school in the coming year.

On November 14, 2019, the District sold \$10,000,000 of School Infrastructure Sales, Services and Use Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2019, for the purpose of providing funds to pay the initial costs, furnishing and equipping a new high school and improving the site.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and Changes in Balances - Budget and Actual - All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Fund

Required Supplementary Information

Year ended June 30, 2019

	Governmental Fund Types Actual	Proprietary Fund Type Actual
Revenues: Local sources Intermediate sources State sources Federal sources Total receipts	\$ 33,335,729 37,807,973 1,908,924 73,052,626	\$ 1,507,657 14,882 965,362 2,487,901
Expenditures Instruction Support services Non-instructional programs Other expenditures Total disbursements	43,051,257 18,109,164 22,501,807 83,662,228	2,518,272
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(10,609,602)	(30,371)
Other financing sources, net	132,900	(18,979)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses and special items	(10,476,702)	(49,350)
Balance beginning of year	27,166,721	531,959
Balance end of year	\$ 16,690,019	\$ 482,609

				. W E	Final to Actual Variance-
	Budget	Total	Budgeted		Positive
Ad	ljustments	Actual	Original	Final	(Negative)
\$	2,663	\$ 34,840,723	\$ 34,992,448	\$ 34,992,448	\$ (151,725)
	=		5	-	Ē
	=	37,822,855	37,637,905	37,637,905	184,950
	×	2,874,286	2,839,209	2,839,209	35,077
	2,663	75,537,864	75,469,562	75,469,562	68,302
				3 	(
	2	43,051,257	44,433,887	45,104,706	2,053,449
	달	18,109,164	17,872,961	18,906,284	797,120
	<u>_</u>	2,518,272	2,747,660	2,833,809	315,537
	2	22,501,807	20,255,841	25,386,366	2,884,559
		86,180,500	85,310,349	92,231,165	6,050,665
	2,663	(10,642,636)	(9,840,787)	(16,761,603)	6,118,967
<u> </u>	<u>*</u>	113,921	17,500	17,500	96,421
	2,663	(10,528,715)	(9,823,287)	(16,744,103)	6,215,388
	17,024	27,681,656	22,449,455	22,449,455	5,232,201
\$	19,687	\$ 17,152,941	\$ 12,626,168	\$ 5,705,352	\$ 11,447,589

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting

Year ended June 30, 2019

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with *Government Accounting Standards Board* Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds, except Private Purpose Trust and Agency Funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on the GAAP basis.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund. These four functions are instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenditures. Although the budget document presents function expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not by fund. The Code of Iowa also provides that District expenditures in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula. During the year, the District adopted one budget amendment increasing budgeted expenditures by \$6,920,816.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, expenditures did not exceed the amounts budgeted, and the District did not exceed its General Fund unspent authorized budget.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Iowa Public Empoyees' Retirement System For the Last Five Years* (In Thousands)

Required Supplementary Information

	2019	2018	2017	2016
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.502652%	0.482235%	0.467299%	0.464128%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 31,809	\$ 32,123	\$ 29,408	\$ 22,930
District's covered payroll	\$ 34,155	\$ 32,623	\$ 30,330	\$ 28,891
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	93.13%	98.47%	96.96%	79.37%
IPERS' net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	83.62%	82.21%	81.82%	85.19%

^{*} In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, the amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the preceding year.

2015

0.456693%

\$ 18,112

\$ 27,130

66.76%

87.61%

Schedule of District Contributions

Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System For the Last Ten Years (In Thousands)

Required Supplementary Information

		2019		2018		2017	2016
Statutorily required contribution	\$	3,618	\$	3,373	\$	3,217	\$ 2,995
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	-	(3,618)	-	(3,373)	\ <u></u>	(3,217)	 (2,995)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>:</u>	\$		\$		\$
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	34,223	\$	34,155	\$	32,623	\$ 30,330
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		10.57%		9.88%		9.86%	9.87%

	2015		2014		2013	2012		2011		2010
\$	2,834	\$	2,673	\$	2,445	\$ 2,176	\$	1,806	\$	1,784
ý 	(2,834)	_	(2,673)	_	(2,445)	 (2,176)	-	(1,806)	s <u></u> -	(1,784)
\$		\$	-		<u> </u>	\$ 			\$	2
\$	28,891	\$	27,130	\$	25,639	\$ 24,538	\$	23,802	\$	23,706
	9.81%		9.85%		9.54%	8.87%		7.59%		7.53%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension Liability

Year ended June 30, 2019

Changes of benefit terms:

Legislation passed in 2010 modified benefit terms for current Regular members. The definition of final average salary changed from the highest three to the highest five years of covered wages. The vesting requirement changed from four years of service to seven years. The early retirement reduction increased from 3% per year measured from the member's first unreduced retirement age to a 6% reduction for each year of retirement before age 65.

Changes of assumptions:

The 2018 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018:

- Changed mortality assumptions to the RP-2014 mortality tables with mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2017.
- Adjusted retirement rates.
- Lowered disability rates.
- Adjusted the probability of a vested Regular member electing to receive a deferred benefit.
- Adjusted the merit component of the salary increase.

The 2017 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of an experience study dated March 24, 2017:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.60%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 3.75% to 3.50% per year.
- Decreased the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.00%.
- Decreased the wage growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.
- Decreased the payroll growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00% to 3.75% per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Moved from an open 30-year amortization period to a closed 30-year amortization period for the UAL (unfunded actuarial liability) beginning June 30, 2014. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20-year period.

The 2010 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Adjusted retiree mortality assumptions.
- Modified retirement rates to reflect fewer retirements.
- Lowered disability rates at most ages.
- Lowered employment termination rates.
- Generally increased the probability of terminating members receiving a deferred retirement benefit.
- Modified salary increase assumptions based on various service duration.

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability, Related Ratios and Notes

For the Last Two Years Required Supplementary Information

		2019		2018
Service cost Interest cost Difference between expected and actual experiences Changes in assumptions Benefit payments	\$	244,078 95,622 80,555 (145,725)	\$	234,984 89,816 - (56,563) (108,429)
Rounding	-	(530)		192
Net change in OPEB liability Total OPEB liability beginning of year, as restated	w 	274,000 2,300,000		160,000 2,140,000
Total OPEB liability end of year	\$	2,574,000	\$	2,300,000
Covered-employee payroll	\$3	5,197,055	\$3	4,445,412
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		7.31%		6.68%

Notes to Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Changes of benefit terms:

There were no significant changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions:

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period.

Year ended June 30, 2019	3.50%
Year ended June 30, 2018	3.87%
Year ended June 30, 2017	3.58%

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Statement of Net Position Component Unit

June 30, 2019

	Component Unit - Cedar Falls Community Schools Foundation
Assets Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments Accounts receivable Fixed assets, net of depreciation	\$ 2,835,647
Total assets	2,835,647
Liabilities	1,766
Net position Unrestricted	\$ 2,833,881

Statement of Changes in Net Position Component Unit

Year ended June 30, 2019

	Component Unit - Cedar Falls Community Schools Foundation			
Support and Revenue: Contributions Investment earnings Other revenue Total support and revenue	\$ 100,47; 124,986 66,21; 291,67	0 8		
Expenses: Instructional support Operation and maintenance Total expenses	72,459 35,322 107,78	2_		
Change in net position	183,890	0		
Net position beginning of year	2,649,99	1		
Net position end of year	\$ 2,833,88	1_		



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue								
	Manage- ment Levy		Student Activity		Public Purpose Trust Fund	Total Special Revenue			
Assets	\$ 1,046,629	\$	561,914	\$	19,687	\$ 1,628,230			
Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments Receivables: Property tax:	\$ 1,040,029	Ф	301,914	Ф	19,087	\$ 1,028,230			
Delinquent	2,592				=	2,592			
Succeeding year	500,783		72		=	500,783			
Accounts	136		4,357		=	4,493			
Accrued interest	(2)		2 =		~	4			
Due from other governments				-	*				
Total assets	\$ 1,550,140	\$	566,271	\$	19,687	\$ 2,136,098			
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances									
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 11,669	\$	25,277	\$	£	\$ 36,946			
Salaries and benefits payable	-		174		=	<u>=</u>			
Due to other funds	11.660	-	25 277			26.046			
Total liabilities	11,669	-	25,277			36,946			
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues:									
Succeeding year property tax	500,783		(H	-	<u>*</u> _	500,783			
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted for:	·				<u>설</u> 161	÷			
Management levy purposes	1,037,688		8		皇	1,037,688			
Student activities	, - · , -		540,994		÷	540,994			
Public purpose trust funds	(=)		7E		19,687	19,687			
Total fund balances	1,037,688		540,994	-	19,687	1,598,369			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources and fund balances	\$ 1,550,140	\$	566,271	\$	19,687	\$ 2,136,098			

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2019

				Special	Reven	ue		
		Manage- ment Levy		Student Activity		Public Purpose Trust Fund		Total Special Revenue Funds
Revenues: Local sources: Local tax Other State sources Federal sources Total revenues	\$	598,408 19,596 16,036	\$	931,256	\$	2,663	\$	598,408 953,515 16,036
Expenditures: Current:								
Instruction: Regular instruction		111,601		*		*		111,601
Special instruction		76						
Other instruction		: <u>*</u>		918,448		ā.		918,448
Support services: Student services								
Instructional staff services		(*						_
Administration services		21,398		_ 		÷		21,398
Operating and maintenance of plant services		426,112		*				426,112
Transportation services		95,978		*		÷		95,978
Other expenditures:								
Facilities acquisition and construction	_				-			.=0
Total expenditures		655,089		918,448				1,573,537
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(21,049)	·	12,808	3	2,663	7 2	(5,578)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in		2 4		₩		-		94.1
Operating transfers out		(13,028)		*				(13,028)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(13,028)						(13,028)
Change in fund balances		(34,077)		12,808		2,663		(18,606)
Fund balances beginning of year	_	1,071,765	·	528,186)=	17,024		1,616,975
Fund balances end of year	\$	1,037,688	\$	540,994	\$	19,687	\$	1,598,369

Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue Fund, Student Activity Accounts

Year ended June 30, 2019

Account	Balance Beginning of Year	Revenues and Interfund Transfers	Expen- ditures	Intra- Fund Transfers	Balance End of Year
Investment income	\$ 69,347	\$ 10,700	\$	\$ -	\$ 80,047
Miscellaneous	23,173	2,995	6,972	883	20,079
Drama arts	11,725	9,950	8,710	003	12,965
Speech	102	7,750	1,552	1,500	50
Recogmusic/speech	1,468	2)	1,001	1,500	467
Yearbook	91,443	48,091	26,539	(120)	112,875
Music/vocal	5,860	13,523	19,897	971	457
Music/orchestra	1,394	41,879	43,176	85	182
Music/band	4,282	21,319	22,084	(20)	3,497
Athletics	16,118	160,439	132,845	(18,268)	25,444
Athletic resale	380	3,044	2,215	*	1,209
Bowling	-	1,666	4,216	2,550	
Track meets	346	12,953	14,205	1,000	94
Tennis	479	434	2,886	1,973	*
Golf	-	5,455	9,623	4,168	æ
Cheerleaders	14,097	27,618	50,181	11,319	2,853
Pom poms	5,104	40,913	44,937	<u>#</u>	1,080
Basketball-boys	334	29,382	35,536	6,600	780
Football	8,457	122,588	137,179	6,200	66
Soccer-boys	680	4,747	8,343	3,000	84
Baseball	570	18,636	19,163	3,000	3,043
Track-boys	-	4,462	11,292	6,830	2.4
Swimming-boys	287	2,929	3,567	375	24
Wrestling	1,219	12,219	14,574	1,200	64
Basketball-girls	261	13,880	17,357	3,300	84
Volleyball	3,155 104	17,719	12,620	(6,200)	2,054
Soccer-girls Softball	715	5,235 4,053	8,606 4,800	6,400 3,000	3,133 2,968
	/13	7,790	13,965	6,175	2,900
Track-girls Swimming-girls	683	5,635	3,471	0,175	2,847
Concessions-Robinsen/Dresser	4,616	12,829	7,044	(7,600)	2,801
A.P.A.	3,667	9,608	9,425	1	3,851
Student Forum	5,007	2,000	7,123	į.	2,031
A.V. Dept.	1,094	84	113	-	1,065
P.C.B.C.	1,592	807		-	2,399
Campus improvement	6,344	4,162	1,613		8,893
CFHS Memorial Fund	2,921	250		¥	3,171
CHAT			(*)	*	-
Food Bank	115	5,087	6,507	2,355	1,050
DECA	869	5,006	4,945	350	1,280
Drug/alcohol prevention	×		(#)	*	*
English resource center	6,845		:₹3	₩.	6,845
FBLA	13	i i		<u> </u>	13
Food service	1,321	2	(E)	2	1,321
General store	1,897	26.700	-	(20.700)	1,897
Activity tickets/Jr. high	3,231	36,782	306	(39,500)	207
Jr/Sr prom	15,877	8,660	4,685	(250)	19,602
Library	4,354	348	787 5 430	295	4,210
FTC	14,887	11,222	5,430	=	20,679
Mc Elroy Fund	40	₹	, ** *	∏	40
Office education	260	-	:•	-	260
M.R.C.	∠00	*	*	-	200

(continued)

Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue Fund, Student Activity Accounts

Year ended June 30, 2019

	Balance Beginning	Revenues and Interfund	Expen-	Intra- Fund	Balance End of
Account	of Year	Transfers	ditures	Transfers	Year
Pop	4,654	564	305	(755)	4,158
AP textbooks	7,471		-	(755)	7,471
Programs	3,908	224	-	-	4,132
Revolving	22,601	17,433	17,794	177	22,240
Science club	246	40	=	-27	286
Faculty	65	67	67	50	65
T & I Club	(2)	957	-		250
Tiger Hi-Line	3,535	-	-	58	3,535
Y.F.U.	(<u>a</u>)	-	2	(<u>2</u>)	₩
Student forum	1,176	9,809	10,219	(425)	341
Renaissance	:=::	-	5	(B)	*
Class of 2003	-	-	-	(2 0	3
Class of 2004	-	-	£	(<u>=</u> 1)	:2:
Cancer funds	₩ 0	-	€	(#X)	:=:
Class of 2008	5,459	-	-	170	5,459
Special needs	3	-	÷.	*	30
Tiger bizness	319	2,302	1,779	<u> </u>	842
PTA	:=0:	-	E	(18 0)	<u>9</u> €9
PTA				:58	10.11
Student council	31,116	36,989	47,210	(1,778)	19,117
Pictures	13,437	2,558	4,992	(1,161)	9,842
Lego League	16,245	8,809	5,694	377	19,737
Student activities	4,527	4,697	4,962	2	4,262
Special Olympics	404	0.5	120	52 (-
Math club	404	95	430	*	69
Tiger Time	21	126	211		21
Makerspace	75	136	211	(1.505)	10.660
Magazines	23,120	28	1,885	(1,595)	19,668
Student fundraisers club	2.049	- 727	70	.=	2,705
Gym padlocks	2,048 351		/0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	351
Recycling Alpha	2,578	2	5.5a		2,578
Robotics	11,945	50,563	48,283		14,225
SADD	1,995	50,505	730	-	1,765
Video yearbook	47	200	750		47
Weight room		**	-	A #	-
Culture Fair	7	1 * :	(inc	=	7
Trapshooting	7,101	25,524	24,344	-	8,281
Drama clubs	18,908	13,260	7,911	(700)	23,557
Tech clubs	45	10,200	(#:	(, 55)	45
Choral/Dramatic	21	(2)	627	700	94
Echoes concessions	1,033	-	497		536
Amnesty International	231	500	105	4	626
PATT concessions	2,987	770	874	4	2,883
Brick Fundraiser	502	; = .:		-	502
Art Club	1,942	92	298	÷	1,736
Baseball Booster	97	**	52	2	-
AW	834	(€)	O <u>₩</u> .	*	834
PLTW	672	450	175		947
Rocket Club	4,834	10,020	16,619	3,765	2,000
	\$ 528,186	\$ 931,256	\$ 918,448	\$ -	\$ 540,994

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Combining Balance Sheet Capital Projects Accounts

June 30, 2019

	Capital Projects				
	,	GO Bond Proceeds	Statewide Sales, Services and Use Tax	Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	Total
Assets Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments Receivables: Property tax:	\$	137,118	\$ 6,976,952	\$ 4,105,513	\$11,219,583
Delinquent Succeeding year Accounts		(2) (2)	9 4	14,270 3,631,683	14,270 3,631,683
Accrued interest Due from other governments		(#: 	5,541 417,339		5,541 417,339
Total assets	\$	137,118	\$ 7,399,832	\$ 7,751,466	\$15,288,416
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable	\$	100,000	\$ 673,318	\$ 130,003	\$ 903,321
Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues: Succeeding year property tax		100,000	673,318	3,631,683	903,321
Fund balances: Restricted for: Debt service School infrastructure		37,118	6,726,514	ä	6,763,632
Physical plant and equipment Total fund balances	-	37,118	6,726,514	3,989,780	3,989,780
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	137,118	\$ 7,399,832	\$ 7,751,466	\$15,288,416

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Capital Projects Accounts

Year ended June 30, 2019

	Capital Projects			
Revenues:	GO Bond Proceed	•	Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	Total
Local sources:				
Local tax	\$	- \$ -	\$ 3,479,820	\$ 3,479,820
Other	49,60		100,897	1,137,068
State sources		- 5,259,465	96,138	5,355,603
Federal sources Total revenues	49,60	6,246,029	3,676,855	9,972,491
Total revenues	49,00	0,240,029	3,070,833	9,972,491
Expenditures: Current: Instruction:				
Regular instruction			1,100,044	1,100,044
Special instruction		•: · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	1,100,011
Other instruction		E) (E)	TIE,	77
Support services:				
Student services		200	12	
Instructional staff services	i i	S	12,695	12,695
Administration services		E) (E)	249,120	249,120
Operating and maintenance of plant services Transportation services	1	•	172,816 443,699	172,816 443,699
Other expenditures:			443,099	443,077
Facilities acquisition and construction	6,814,53	6,373,855	1,751,203	14,939,589
Long -term debt:		, ,		, ,
Interest and other charges		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total expenditures	6,814,53	6,373,855	3,729,577	16,917,963
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(6,764,924	1) (127,826)	(52,722)	(6,945,472)
over (mane) surpensations	(0,101,52	(111,010)	(,)	(0,5 (0,1) =)
Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sales of real or personal property	ė	22,353	50,599	72,952
Proceeds from notes payable	3	5.000	5.250	10.250
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	ž	5,000 - (2,342,830)	5,250	10,250 (2,342,830)
Total other financing sources (uses)		$\frac{(2,342,830)}{(2,315,477)}$	55,849	(2,342,830) (2,259,628)
Total other Imalienig sources (uses)	-	(2,313,477)	33,047	(2,237,020)
Change in fund balances	(6,764,924	(2,443,303)	3,127	(9,205,100)
Fund balances beginning of year	6,802,042	9,169,817	3,986,653	19,958,512
Fund balances end of year	\$ 37,118	\$ 6,726,514	\$ 3,989,780	\$10,753,412

Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities

Agency Funds

Year ended June 30, 2019

	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Deductions	Balance End of Year
Assets Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments Accounts receivable Due from others	\$ 42,089 11,234 1,534,653	\$ 4,846,548 13,505 538,181	\$ 4,770,947 11,234 1,534,653	\$ 117,690 13,505 538,181
Total assets	\$ 1,587,976	\$ 5,398,234	\$ 6,316,834	\$ 669,376
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to others	\$ 1,464,679 1,776 121,521	\$ 613,876	\$ 1,464,679 1,776 3,918,368	\$ 613,876 55,500
Total liabilities	\$ 1,587,976	\$ 4,466,223	\$ 5,384,823	\$ 669,376

Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function

All Governmental Funds

For the Last Ten Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016
Revenues:				
Local sources:				
Local tax	\$ 27,746,837	\$ 27,474,490	\$ 22,485,509	\$ 21,081,789
Tuition	2,742,104	2,738,786	2,937,262	2,760,127
Other	2,846,788	2,705,844	1,890,341	1,807,832
State sources	37,807,973	37,300,711	36,600,570	33,120,500
Federal sources	1,908,924	2,123,041	2,282,521	2,153,972
Total revenues	\$ 73,052,626	\$ 72,342,872	\$ 66,196,203	\$ 60,924,220
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Regular instruction	\$ 29,290,322	\$ 28,125,705	\$ 27,360,072	\$ 25,390,983
Special instruction	8,248,751	8,211,561	7,680,596	7,113,626
Other instruction	5,512,184	5,471,743	5,252,702	5,153,356
Support services:				
Student services	1,895,600	1,724,710	1,625,721	1,578,255
Instructional staff services	2,260,104	1,908,763	1,966,626	1,814,357
Administration services	6,190,142	6,001,549	6,146,806	6,063,674
Operation and maintenance of				
plant services	5,441,321	5,293,802	4,885,892	4,582,929
Transportation services	2,321,997	2,165,870	2,164,304	1,912,068
Other expenditures:				
Facilities acquisition and construction	14,939,589	25,747,879	8,768,472	1,987,716
Long-term debt:				
Principal	3,645,000	3,920,000	2,080,000	1,775,000
Interest and other charges	1,490,825	1,817,435	3,029,453	1,005,441
AEA flowthrough	2,426,393	2,407,144	2,280,604	2,192,843
Total expenditures	\$ 83,662,228	\$ 92,796,161	\$ 73,241,248	\$ 60,570,248

Modified A	ccrual Basis				
2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
¢ 21 271 275	P 26 047 506	¢ 25 250 149	e 22 202 760	¢ 22 402 144	¢ 22 210 704
\$ 21,261,265	\$ 26,947,506	\$ 25,250,148	\$ 23,292,769	\$ 22,492,144	\$ 22,318,784
4,490,514	6,327,680	6,215,310	2,517,523	2,308,568	2,153,596
1,803,536	1,747,736	1,745,114	1,574,806	1,621,478	1,878,786
32,008,518	25,394,763	24,493,545	24,626,293	21,450,797	17,994,493
2,081,670	2,656,205	1,928,685	2,432,186	2,301,223	4,581,606
\$ 61,645,503	\$ 63,073,890	\$ 59,632,802	\$ 54,443,577	\$ 50,174,210	\$ 48,927,265
		-			
\$ 24,272,128	\$ 24,038,032	\$ 21,896,495	\$ 21,562,482	\$ 19,480,531	\$ 18,736,430
7,107,009	6,691,764	6,490,150	6,825,387	6,558,307	6,247,935
6,630,397	7,247,235	8,059,569	4,235,767	4,127,564	3,743,650
0,050,557	7,2 17,200	3,003,003	.,,,	.,,	-,,,
1,523,678	1,691,188	1,264,113	1,117,153	1,215,980	1,169,510
1,709,134	1,547,129	1,358,477	1,391,869	1,353,387	1,333,883
5,722,790	5,585,773	5,003,083	4,823,745	4,495,179	4,274,983
3,722,790	5,505,775	5,005,005	1,023,7 18	1,150,175	1,4 / 1,5 00
4,453,088	4,520,518	3,982,925	3,800,984	3,552,168	3,708,966
1,843,511	1,703,982	1,599,625	1,428,608	1,109,410	1,469,613
1,0 .0,0 11	-,,	-,,	,,	, ,	, ,
4,079,170	10,081,475	10,268,105	8,284,764	8,215,722	14,636,512
1,075,170	10,001,170	10,200,100	3,23 1,1 3 1	0,0,	,,
2,220,000	2,235,000	860,000	845,000	10,000,000	2
1,059,159	1,100,464	910,141	990,232	358,845	265,400
2,132,291	2,052,254	1,929,402	1,925,667	1,952,999	1,875,964
2,132,231	2,002,201	1,525,102	2,5 20,007	-,,,,-,	-,-,-,-
\$ 62,752,355	\$ 68,494,814	\$ 63,622,085	\$ 57,231,658	\$ 62,420,092	\$ 57,462,846

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended June 30, 2019

Grantor/Program	CFDA Number	Grant Number	Program Expenditures
Indirect: U.S. Department of Agriculture: Iowa Department of Education:			
Food Distribution (non-cash)	10.550	FY19	143,331
Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program	10.553 10.555	FY19 FY19	119,415 702,616 822,031
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			965,362
U.S. Department of Education: Iowa Department of Education: Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010	FY19	466,435
Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048A	FY19	33,555
Rehabilitation Services - Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States	84.126	FY19	43,062
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	FY19	772
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	FY19	100,283
Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	FY19	33,009
Area Education Agency 267: Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA)	84.027	FY19	235,152
Total U.S. Department of Education			912,268
U.S. Department of Health & Human Services: Tri-County Child & Family Development Council, Inc.: Head Start	93.600	FY19	150,197
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 2,027,827

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended June 30, 2019

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Cedar Falls Community School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2, *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations*, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Cedar Falls Community School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in financial position or cash flows of Cedar Falls Community School District.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the Schedule are reported on the accrual or modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost principles for State, Local and Indian Governments*, or the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Indirect Cost Rate

Cedar Falls Community School District has elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance.





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Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters

Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Education Cedar Falls Community School District

We have audited in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cedar Falls Community School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Cedar Falls Community School District's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Cedar Falls Community School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Cedar Falls Community School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of the control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Cedar Falls Community School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted other matters which are described in Part IV of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2019 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the District. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statues.

Cedar Falls Community School District's Responses to Findings

Cedar Falls Community School District's responses to any findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Cedar Falls Community School District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Cedar Falls Community School District during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Carney, alexander, Marold + Co., L.L.P.

Waterloo, Iowa December 12, 2019



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Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Education Cedar Falls Community School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Cedar Falls Community School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Cedar Falls Community School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Cedar Falls Community School District's major federal programs are identified in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Cedar Falls Community School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and audit requirements of Title 2, U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations*, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether non-compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Cedar Falls Community School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each of the major federal programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Cedar Falls Community School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Cedar Falls Community School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Cedar Falls Community School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Cedar Falls Community School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Cedar Falls Community School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness, as defined above.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Carney, alexander, Marold & Co., L.L.P.
Waterloo, Iowa
December 12, 2019

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2019

Part I: Summary of the Independent Auditors' Results

- (a) Unmodified opinions were issued on the financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.
- (b) The audit did not disclose any significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.
- (c) The audit did not disclose any non-compliance which is material to the financial statements.
- (d) The audit did not disclose any significant deficiencies in internal control over major programs.
- (e) An unmodified opinion was issued on compliance with requirements applicable to each major program.
- (f) The audit did not disclose any findings which were required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, Section 200.515.
- (g) Major programs were as follows:
 - Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies
- (h) The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- (i) Cedar Falls Community School District did qualify as a low-risk auditee.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2019

Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES:

No matters were noted.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2019

Part III: Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards:

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES:

No matters were noted.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2019

Part IV: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

IV-A-19	<u>Certified Budget</u> - Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2019 did not exceed the amended certified budget amounts.
IV-B-19	Questionable Expenditures - No expenditures we believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.
IV-C-19	<u>Travel Expense</u> - No expenditures of District money for travel expenses of spouses of District officials or employees were noted. No travel advances to District officials or employees were noted.
IV-D-19	<u>Business Transactions</u> - No business transactions between the District and District officials or employees were noted.
IV-E-19	<u>Bond Coverage</u> - Surety bond coverage of District officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
IV-F-19	<u>Board Minutes</u> - No transactions requiring Board approval which had not been approved by the Board were noted.
IV-G-19	<u>Certified Enrollment</u> - No variances in the basic enrollment data certified to the Iowa Department of Education were noted.
IV-H-19	<u>Supplementary Weighting</u> - No variances regarding the supplementary weighting certified to the Iowa Department of Education were noted.
IV-I-19	<u>Deposits and Investments</u> - No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the District's investment policy were noted.
IV-J-19	<u>Certified Annual Report</u> - The Certified Annual Report was filed with the Department of Education timely and we noted no significant deficiencies in the amounts reported.
IV-K-19	<u>Categorical Funding</u> - No instances of categorical funding used to supplant rather than supplement other funds were noted.
IV-L-19	<u>Statewide Sales and Services Tax</u> - No instances of non-compliance with the use of the statewide sales and services tax revenue provisions of Chapter 423F.3 of the Code of Iowa were noted.

Pursuant to Chapter 423F.5 of the Code of Iowa, the annual audit is required to include certain reporting elements related to the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue. Districts are required to include these reporting elements in the Certified Annual Report (CAR) submitted to the Iowa Department of Education.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2019

Part IV: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting (continued):

IV-L-19 Statewide Sales and Services Tax (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District reported the following information regarding the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue in the District's CAR:

Beginning balance Revenues/transfers in:		\$ 9,169,817
Sales tax revenues	\$ 5,259,465	
Other local revenues	986,564	
Transfers from other funds:	,	
PPEL fund	5,000	
Other	22,353	6,273,382
		15,443,199
Expenditures/transfers out		
School infrastructure construction	6,373,855	
Other	말	
Transfers to other funds:		
Debt service fund	2,342,830	8,716,685
Ending balance		\$ 6,726,514

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District did not reduce any levies as a result of the moneys received under Chapter 423E or 423F of the Code of Iowa.

Audit Staff

This audit was performed by:

Monica M. Haag, CPA, Partner Janel Ruzicka, CPA, Partner

Austin Lauck, CPA

Ethan Philo, CPA