

The Cedar Falls Community School District seeks to provide a safe environment for students, staff, and visitors who are at risk of potentially life-threatening incidents including opioid overdose and severe allergic reactions (anaphylaxis). Therefore, it is the policy of the district to annually obtain a prescription for an opioid antagonist and an epinephrine delivery system (epi-pen) from a licensed healthcare professional, in the name of the school district, for administration by a school nurse or personnel trained and authorized to administer to a student or individual who may be experiencing an acute opioid overdose or anaphylaxis during the day. These prescription medications will be available pending supply availability.

Procurement and maintenance of supply: The district shall stock a minimum of the following for each attendance center:

- One dose of opioid antagonist;
- One pediatric dose and one adult dose of epinephrine.

The ability to obtain an annual prescription will depend upon local medical provider's policies and willingness to collaborate with the district. The ability to replace expired medications will depend on supply availability.

The supply of such medication shall be maintained in a secure, dark, temperature-controlled location in each school building.

A school nurse or health assistant shall routinely check the stock of medication and document in a log monthly:

- The expiration date;
- Any visualized particles; or
- Color change.

Training: A school nurse or personnel trained and authorized may provide or administer any of the medication listed in this policy from a school supply to a student or individual if the authorized personnel or school nurse reasonably and in good faith believes the student or individual is having an opioid overdose or anaphylaxis. Training to obtain a signed certificate to become personnel authorized to administer an opioid antagonist and/or epinephrine injector shall consist of the requirements established by law.

Authorized personnel will be required to provide a procedural skills demonstration to the school nurse demonstrating competency in the administration of these medications to retain authorization to administer these medications.

Reporting: The district will contact emergency medical services (911) immediately after a epinephrine delivery system or opioid antagonist is administered to a student or individual. The school nurse or authorized personnel will remain with the student or individual until emergency medical services arrive.

Within 48 hours, the district will report to the Iowa Department of Education:

- The administration of stock epinephrine or an opioid antagonist.
- Each medication incident with the administration of stock epinephrine or opioid antagonist;
- Each medication error with the administration of stock epinephrine or opioid antagonist;
 - Medication Errors include: Failure to administer medication to a student or individual by proper route, failure to administer the correct dosage, or failure to administer medication according to generally accepted standards of practice.

Within 30 days, the district will report any naloxone administration to the Iowa Department of Health and Human Services:

- Reported administration should be sent to the State Opioid Response (SOR 2) helpdesk at sor@idph.iowa.gov as an email
- The email should only include the date of administration and the outcome (was the individual able to be revived).

As provided by law, the district, board, authorized personnel or school nurse, and the prescriber shall not be liable for any injury arising from the provision, administration, failure to administer, or assistance in the administration of an opioid antagonist or stock epinephrine provided they acted reasonably and in good faith.

The superintendent or designee may develop an administrative process to implement this policy.

Date of Adoption: December 12, 2022

Date of Revision: August 14, 2023
March 19, 2024
July 13, 2026